

# **Flexible Water Supply Infrastructure Planning Under Uncertainty**

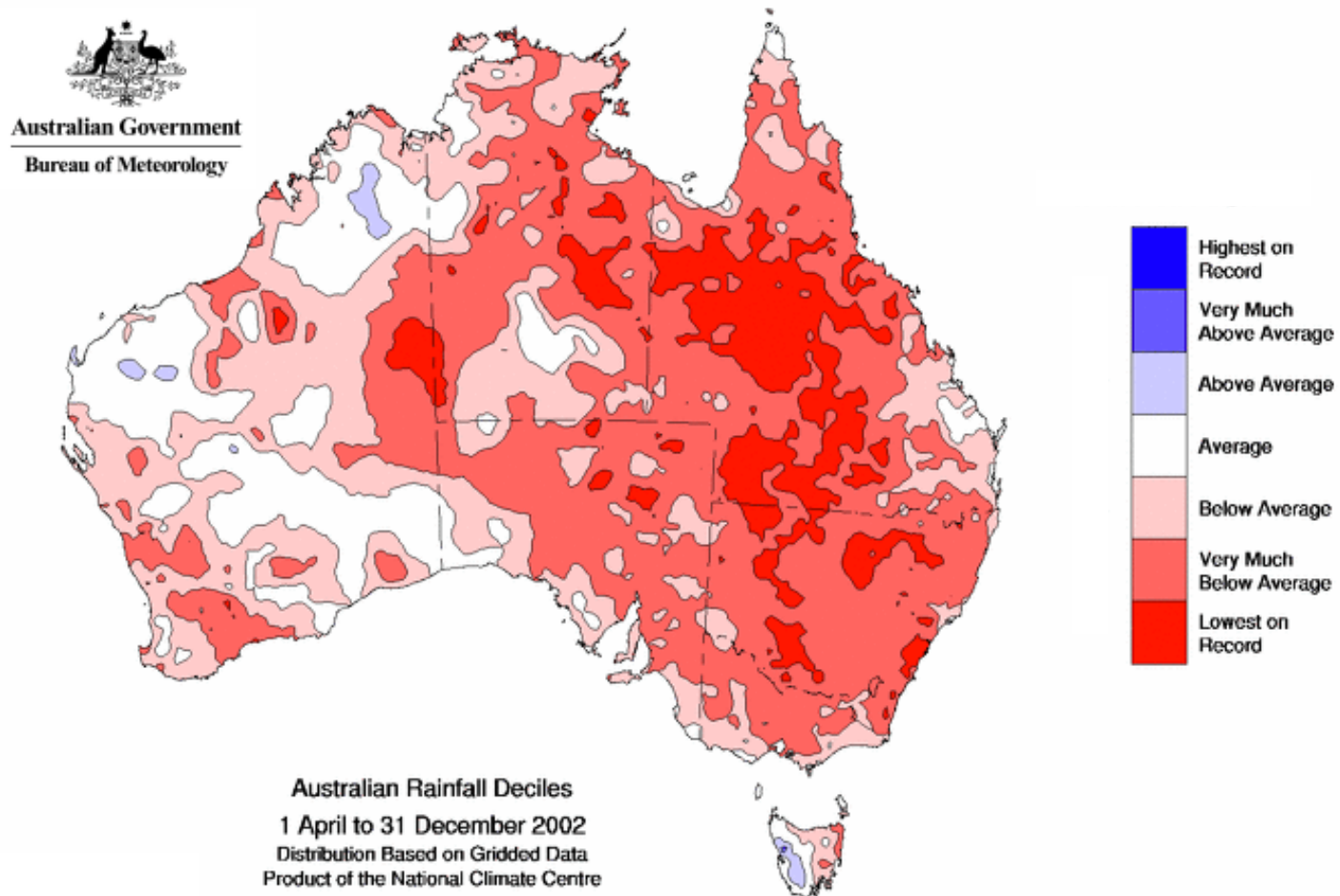
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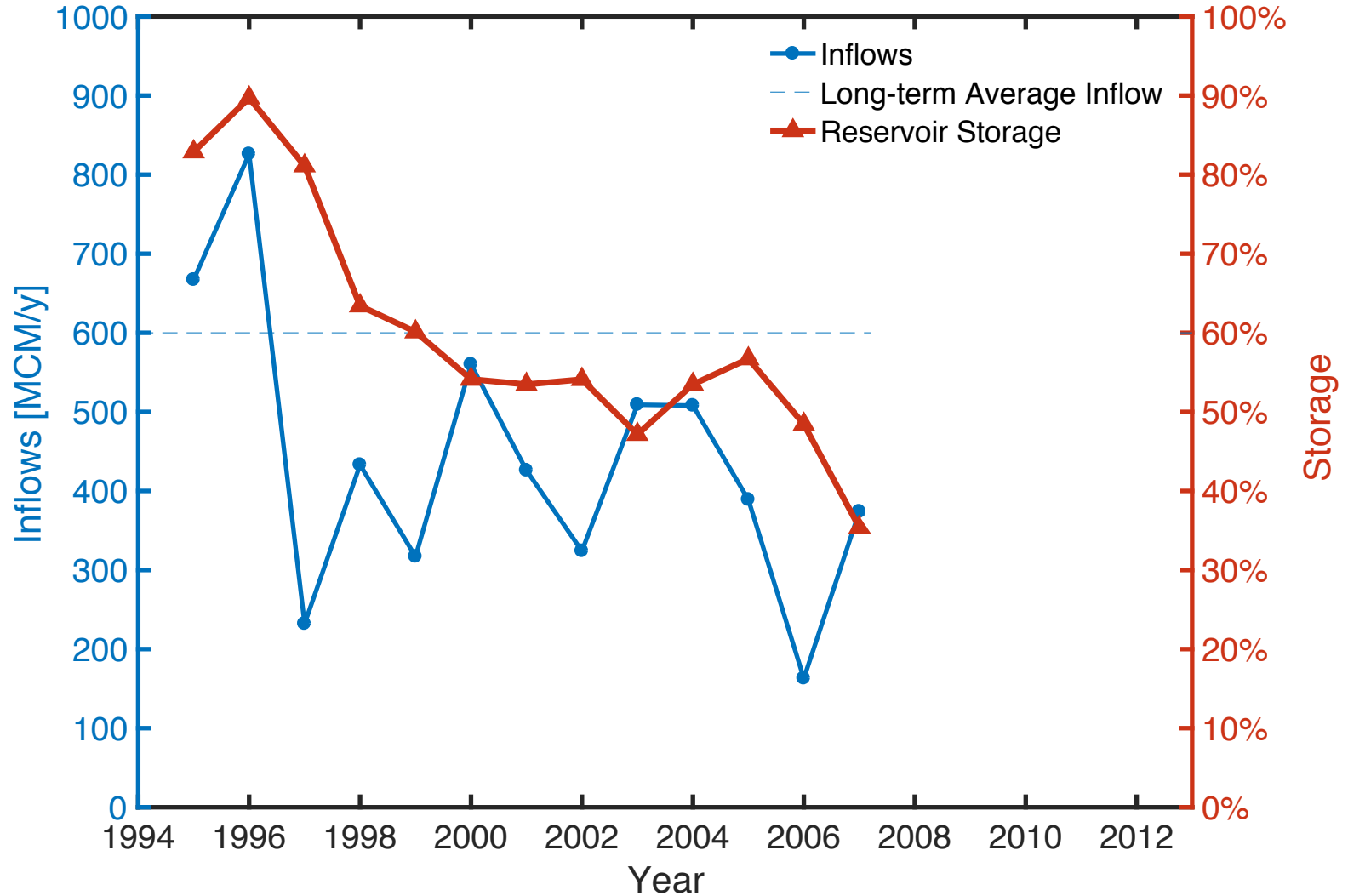
Water Management for Future Climate Scenarios, J-WAFS

January 31, 2018

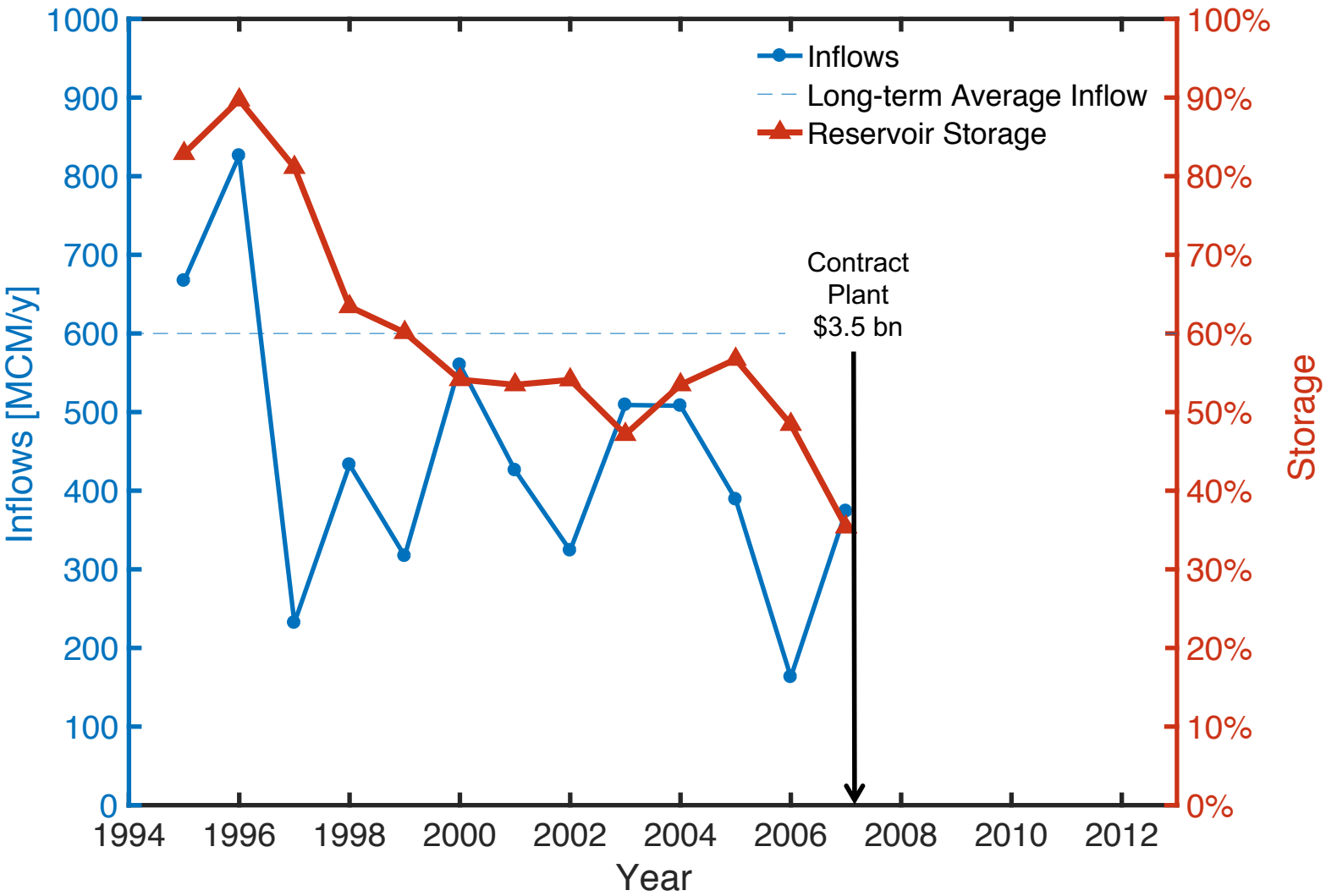
# Millennium Drought: Australia faces driest decade (1997-2009) in recorded history



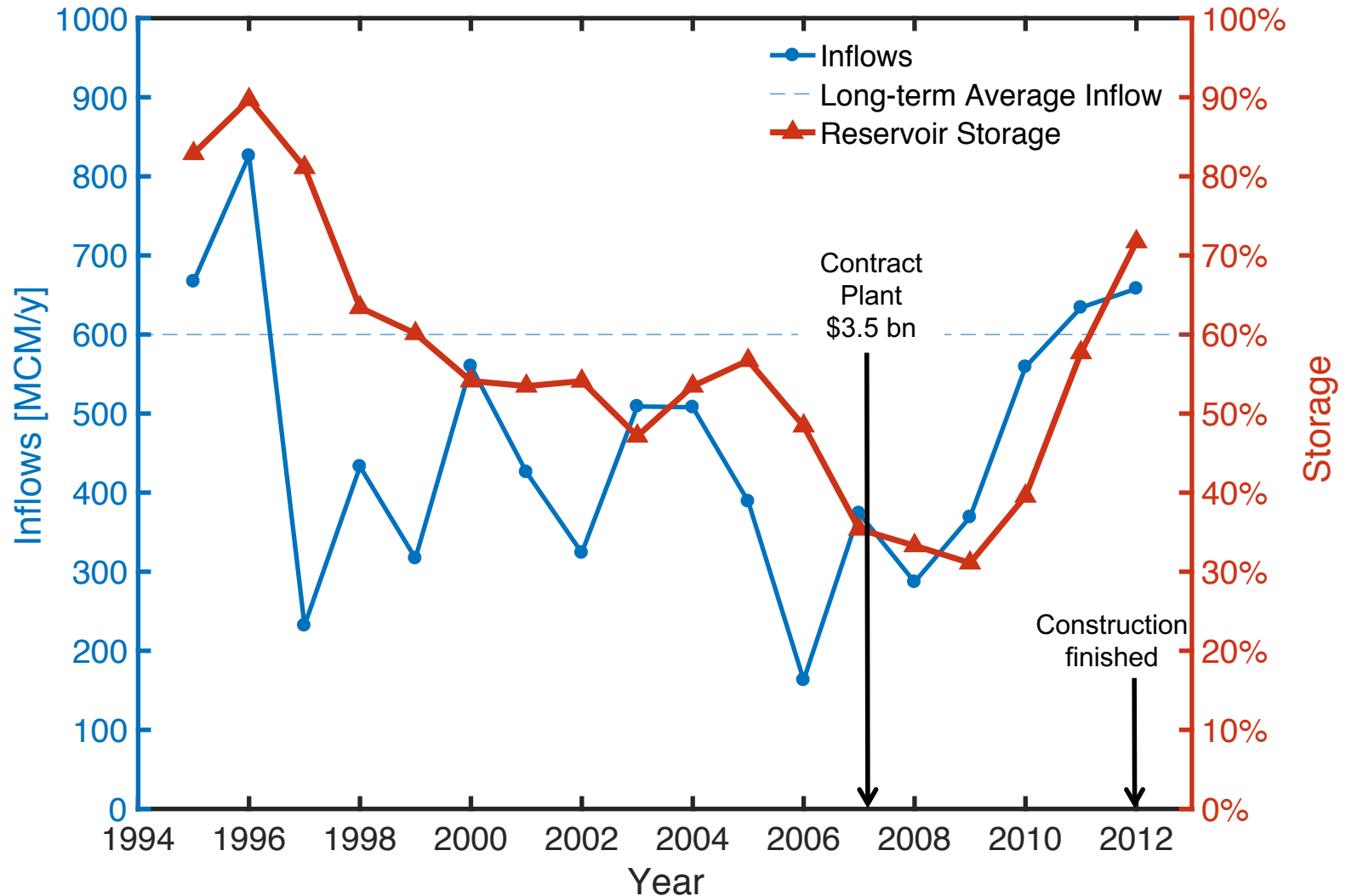
# Millennium Drought reduces water storage in Melbourne to 30%



# Melbourne Water decides to build 150 mcm/y RO plant in 2007



## Drought ends, storage to 65% when plant comes online



# How can we plan water supply infrastructure for an uncertain future?

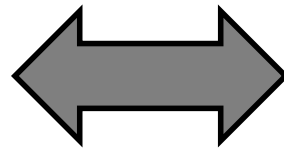
## Challenges

- Large capital investments
- Long lifetimes
- Complex, changing systems

# How can we plan water supply infrastructure for an uncertain future?

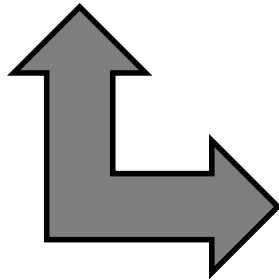
## Uncertainties

- Supply variability
- Demand growth
- Climate change
- Extreme events



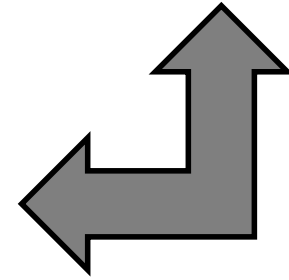
## Characteristics

- Stochastic variability
- Lack of information
- External risks
- Quantifiable



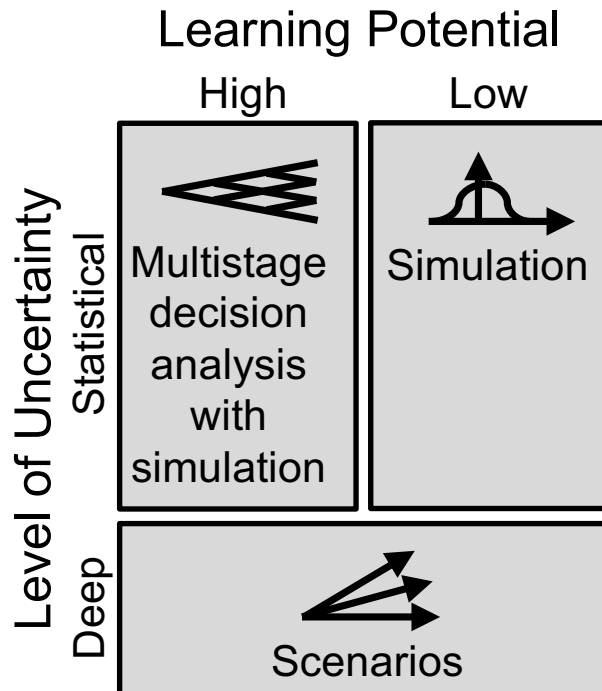
## Planning Paradigms

- Resilience
- Robustness
- Adaptability

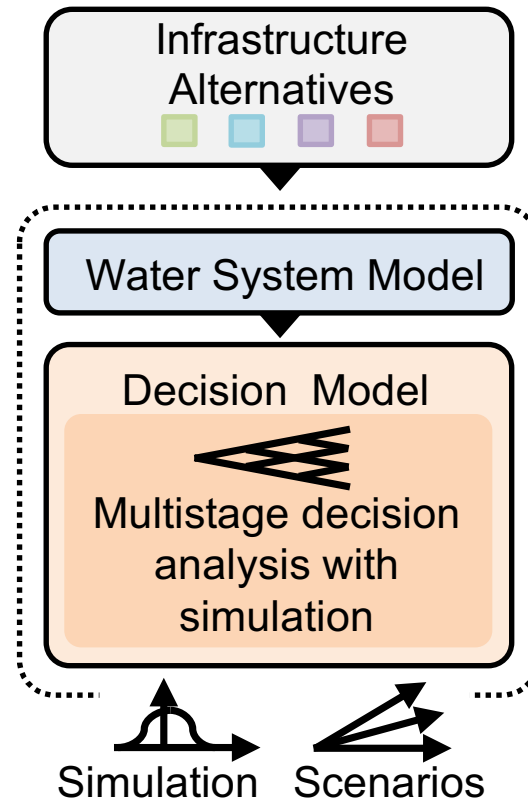


# Modeling Framework

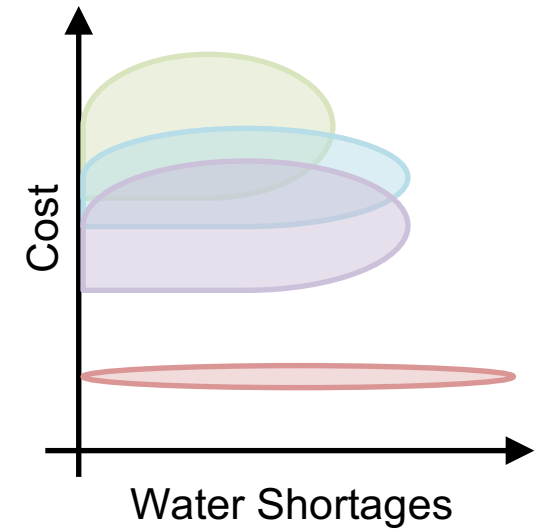
## 1. Uncertainty Categorization



## 2. Modeling



## 3. Risk Profile

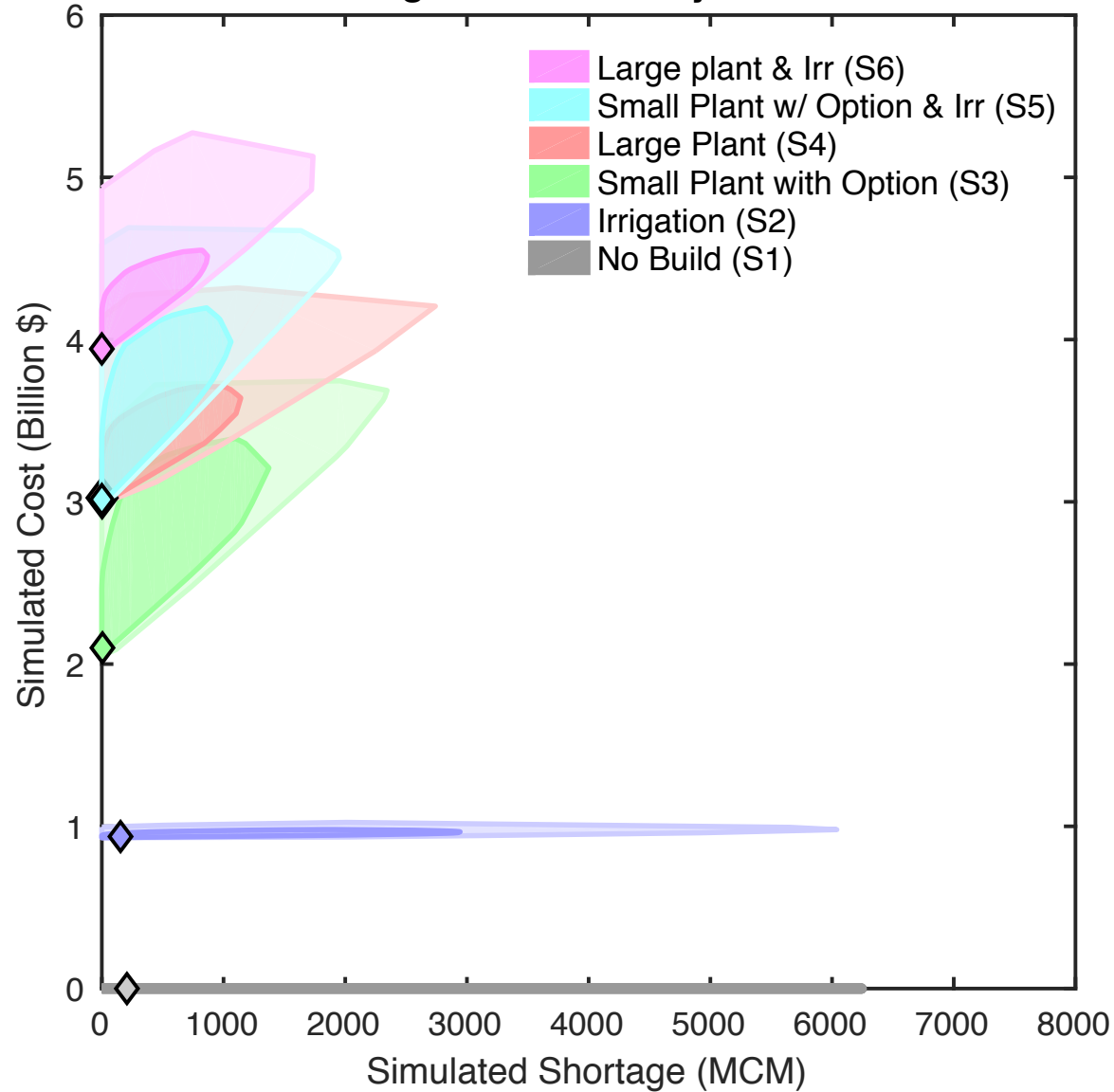




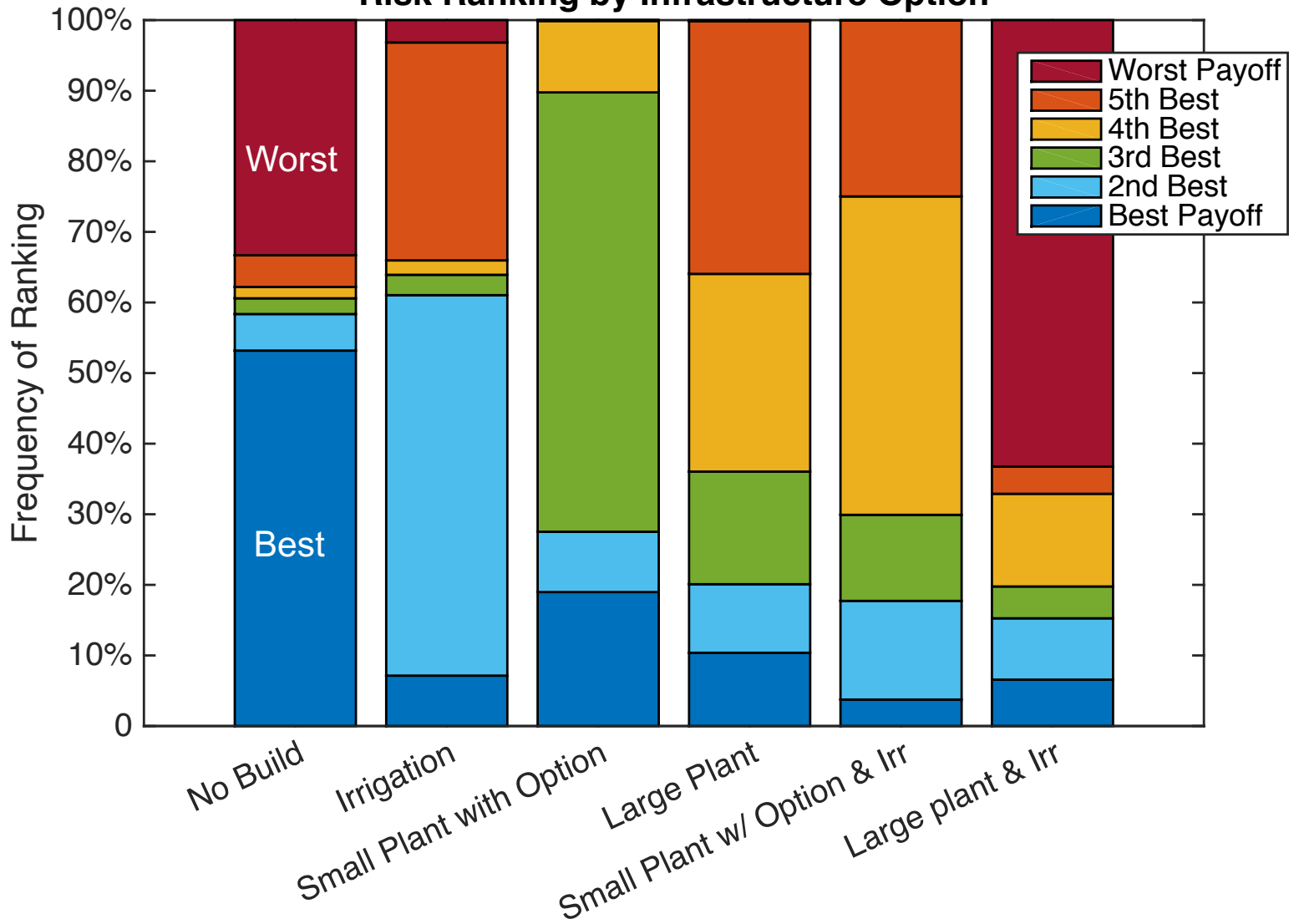
# Back to Melbourne: Flexible infrastructure design

	Infrastructure	Capital Expenditure (M\$)	Capacity (MCM/year)
	<b>S1</b> No Build	0	0
	<b>S2</b> Pipeline and irrigation upgrade	1,002	Variable: Max 100
✿	<b>S3</b> Small RO plant with expansion option	2,045 [+1,095]	Firm: 75 [+ 75]
	<b>S4</b> Large RO plant	2,900	Firm: 150
✿	<b>S5</b> Small RO plant with expansion option; Pipeline and irrigation upgrade	3047 [+1,095]	Firm: 75 [+ 75] Variable: Max 80
	<b>S6</b> Large RO plant; Pipeline and irrigation upgrade	3902	Firm: 150 Variable: Max 80

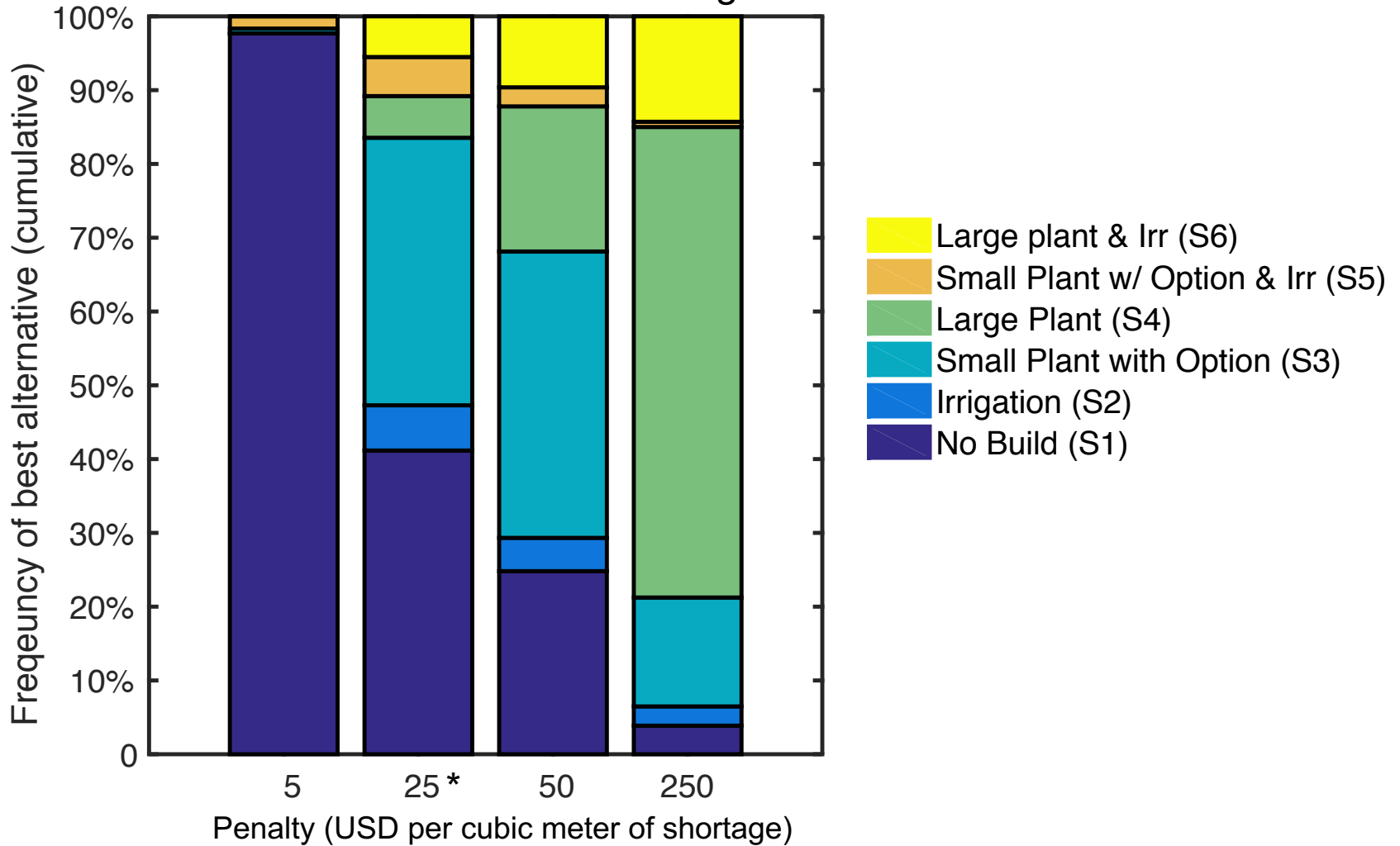
## Cost and Water Shortage Distribution by Infrastructure Alternative



### Risk Ranking by Infrastructure Option



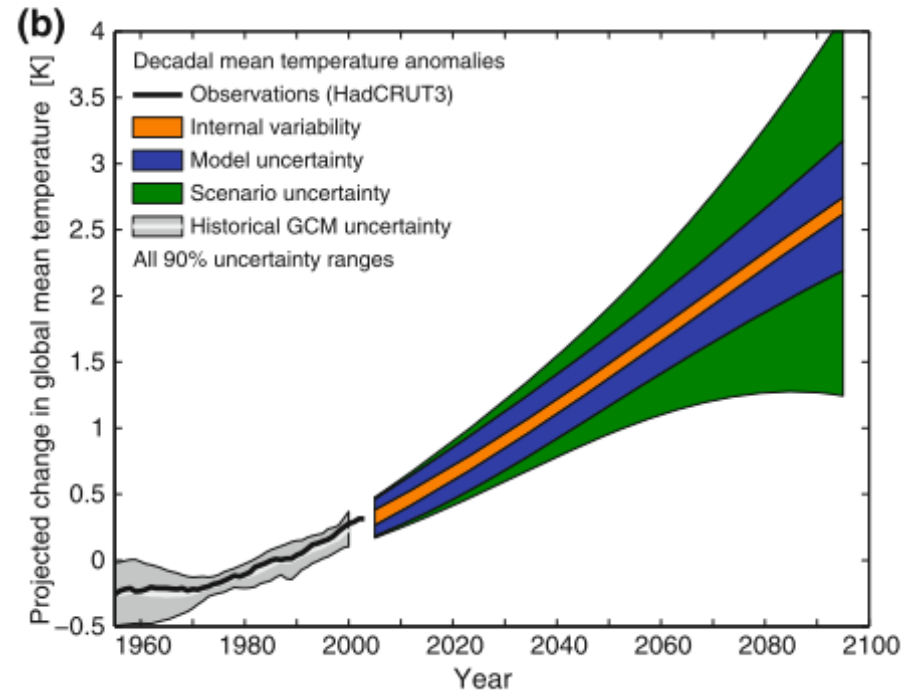
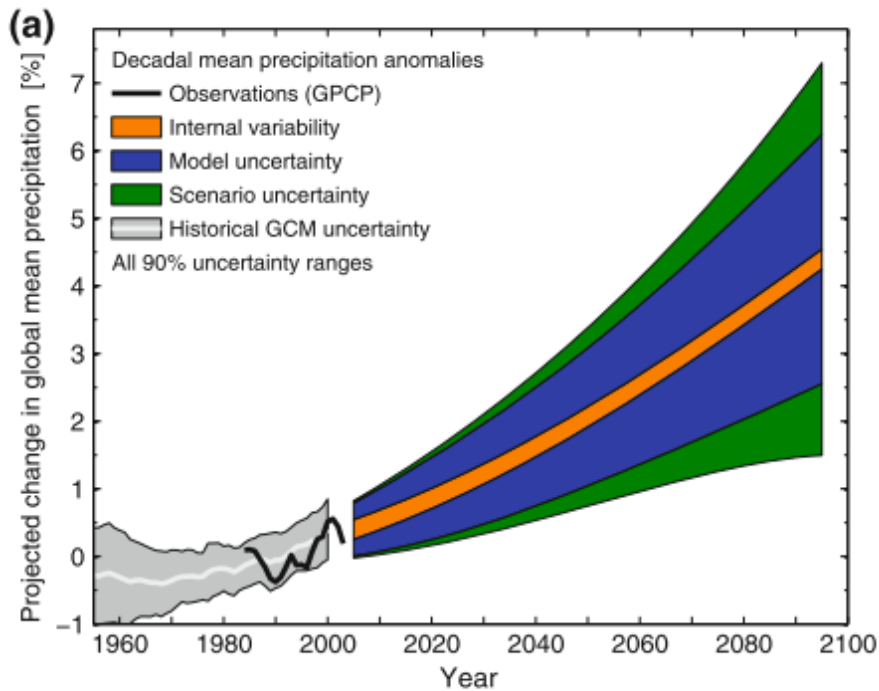
## Societal Cost of Water Shortages



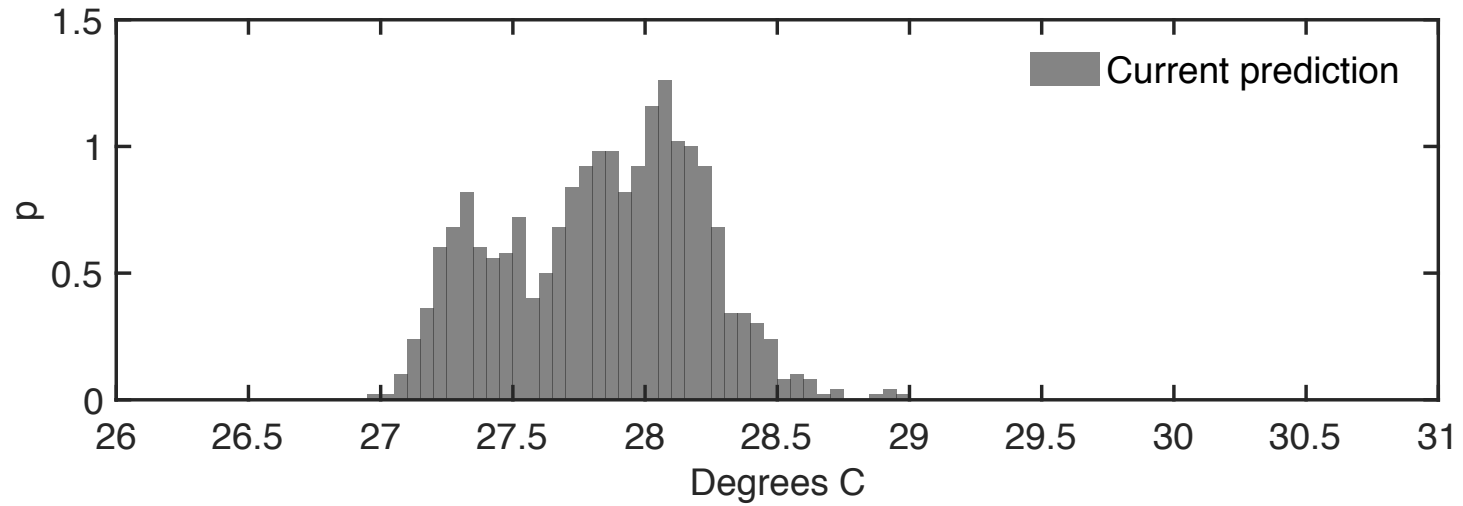
# Climate change uncertainty in Mombasa, Kenya

- Planning a dam for domestic and agricultural water supply
- Substantial uncertainty in climate change – half models say going to get wetter, half say going to get drier

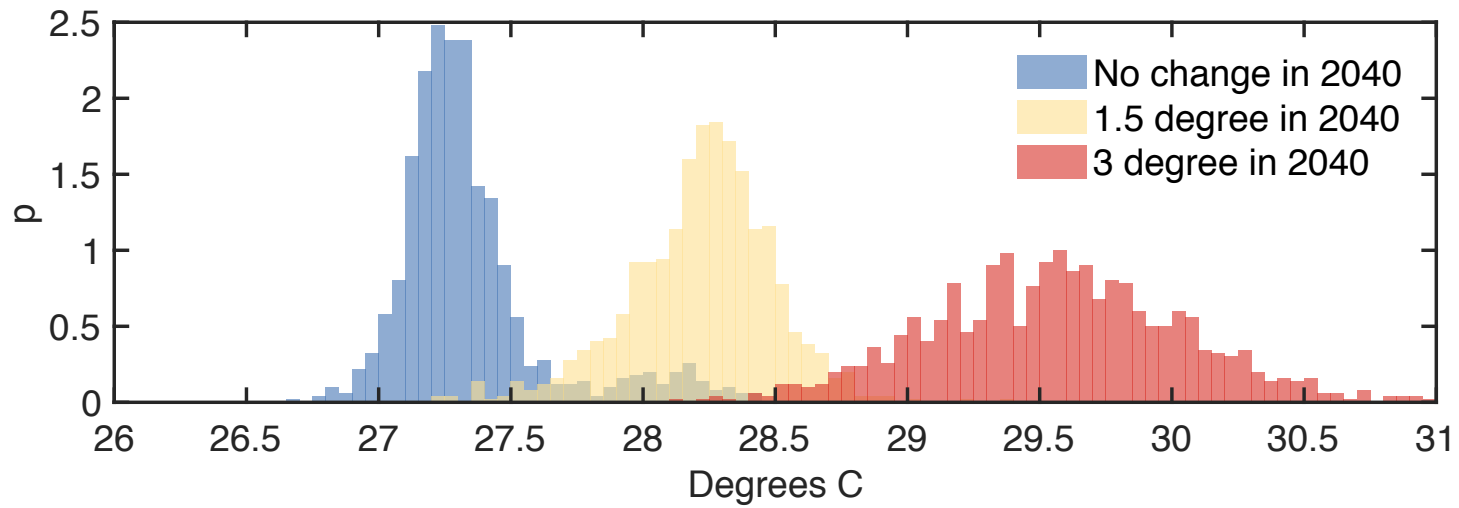
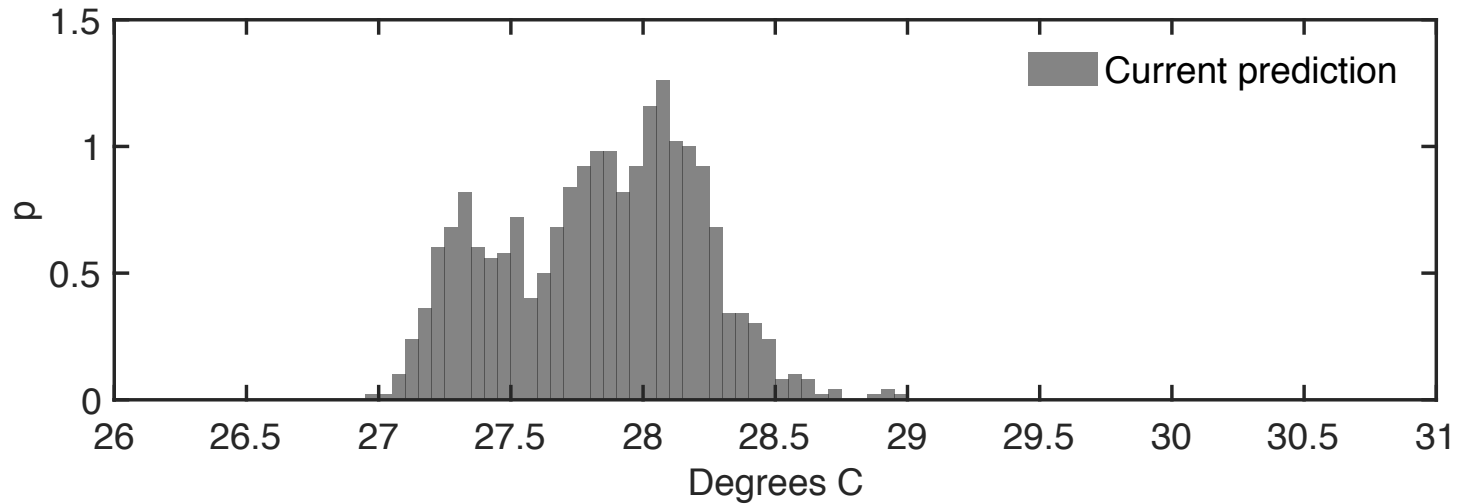
# Disaggregating climate uncertainty: variability, model, scenario



## 2100 Temperature Prediction for Mombasa, Kenya



## 2100 Temperature Prediction for Mombasa, Kenya





# Takeaways

- Diverse uncertainties impact water systems uniquely
- Some uncertainties offer learning opportunities over time
- We need to account for uncertainty in future dynamically, so that we can proactively prepare to adapt today
- Flexibility can mitigate risk, especially for uncertainties with high learning potential

# Thank You!



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